

## CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A system that enables the georeferencing of a digital raster map, comprising:

5 a processing platform for executing code capable of georeferencing a digital raster map; and

a storage platform for storing at least a digital raster map, the storage platform coupled to the processing platform.

10 2. The system of claim 1 further comprising a user interaction device coupled to the processing platform.

3. The system of claim 1 wherein the processing platform is enabled to georeference a digital raster map based on a second map that is already georeferenced.

15 4. The system of claim 1 wherein the processing platform is a microprocessor.

5. The system of claim 1 wherein the map processing platform is an application service provider.

6. The system of claim 1 wherein the map processing platform is located remotely from a user of the processing platform.

20 7. The system of claim 1 wherein the storage platform comprises cached memory.

8. The system of claim 1 wherein the storage platform comprises system memory.

9. The system of claim 1 wherein the storage platform comprises non-cashed volatile storage.

10. The system of claim 2 wherein the user interaction device comprises at least a display device.

5 11. The system of claim 1 where in the processing platform is coupled to the storage platform via a network.

12. The system of claim 11 wherein the network is the internet.

13. The system of claim 1 wherein the storage platform maintains a parity of digital raster maps.

10 14. The system of claim 13 wherein the storage platform maintains a database of georeferencing functions that associate a digital raster map location with a georeferenced location in a second map.

15 15. The system of claim 1 wherein the storage platform maintains code that enables the georeferencing of a raster map, by:

providing for display a first map and a second map, the first map being a digital raster map, and the second map being a previously georeferenced map; the first map being substantially similar to the second map when displayed;

receiving an entry identifying a first point pair point on the first map;

20 receiving an entry identifying a second point pair point on the second map, the second point pair point having approximately the same location on the second map as the first point pair point has on the first map;

25 assigning a point pair point on the first map a longitude coordinate and a latitude coordinate, the longitude coordinate and the latitude coordinate of the first point pair point being identical to a longitude point and a latitude point associated with a point pair point on the second map. providing for display a

first map and a second map, the first map being a digital raster map, and the second map being a previously georeferenced map; and

assigning a point pair point on the first map a longitude coordinate and a latitude coordinate of a point pair point on the second map.

16. A data signal comprising a data structure capable of georeferencing a raster map, by:

providing for display a first map and a second map, the first map being a digital raster map, and the second map being a previously georeferenced map;

the first map being substantially similar to the second map when displayed;

receiving an entry identifying a first point pair point on the first map;

receiving an entry identifying a second point pair point on the second map, the second point pair point having approximately the same location on the second map as the first point pair point has on the first map;

assigning a point pair point on the first map a longitude coordinate and a latitude coordinate, the longitude coordinate and the latitude coordinate of the first point pair point being identical to a longitude point and a latitude point associated with a point pair point on the second map.

17. The method of claim 16 further comprising creating a georeferencing function.

18. The method of claim 16 further comprising receiving a mark on the first map at a location and reproducing the mark on the second map at a corresponding location.

19. The method of claim 16 further comprising using at least four point pairs to complete the georeferencing function for the map based on a linear transformation, and further comprising executing a validation check.

20. The method of claim 19 further comprising rejecting a point pair when the point pair deviates a pre-determined amount from a pre-determined standard error.